| Session 3: IS | SD models |
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| Objectives | Learners will be able to: apply instructional systems design models for their instructional design |
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| Agenda | This session will cover: • Instructional Systems Design Models |
| Next Class | We will cover: • Instructional Methods • Communication Theory |

Instructional Systems Design

수급 Sangmyung OO middle school

- In 2010, selected as a 'Edunet' model school
- In 2011, low usage of 'Edunet'
- The principal wants to solve this problem

• Teacher: 12





- Sangmyung middle school asked consulting
- Need to provide solution for the problem
 - Consultant: 13

| A team | Teacher: 6 | Consultant: 7 |
|--------|------------|---------------|
| B team | Teacher: 6 | Consultant: 7 |

| 수무 Sangm OO middle | yung school | SM <i>sm c</i> | onsulting | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| • Teacher: 12 | | Consultant | t: 13 | |
| A team | Teacher: 6 | | Consultant: 6 | |
| B team | Teacher: 6 | | Consultant: 7 | |
| Prepare 5 min | Survey 5 min | Analysis 5 min | Solution 5min | Present 10 min |

ADDIE Model

(Gustafson & Branch, 2002)

Analysis

- Assessment of need, problem identification, occupational analysis, competence, or training requirements
- Formulation of system and environmental descriptions and identification of constraints
- Characterization of learner population
- Analysis of goals and subgoals for types of skills/learning required

Design

- Formulation of broad goals and detailed subgoals stated in observable terms
- Sequencing of goals and subgoals to facilitate learning
- Consideration of alternative solutions to instruction
- Formulation of instructional strategy to match subjectmatter and learner requirements
- Selection of media to implement strategies

Development

 Author and produce interventions based on design plan

Implementation

- Development of materials and procedures for installing, and periodically repairing the instructional program
- Costing instructional program

Evaluation

- Development of pretest and post-test matching goals and subgoals
- Empirical try-out of courseware with learner population, diagnosis of learning and courseware failures, and courseware revision
- Evaluate after full-scale implementation

Dick & Carey Model

Dick & Carey Model

(Dick, Carey, & Carey, 2009)

Reusable Learning Objects

A learning object is a resource, usually digital and web-based, that can be used and re-used to support learning "any digital resources that can be reused to support learning" (Wiley, 2009, p.351)

References

- Dick, W., Carey, L., & Carey, J. O. (2009). *The systematic design of instruction* (7th ed.). Upper Saddle River, NJ: Merrill.
- Gustafson, K. L., & Branch, R. M. (2002). *Survey of instructional development models* (4th ed.). Syracuse University, Syracuse, NY: ERIC Clearing House on Information & Technology.
- Wiley, D. (2009). Learning objects and instructional theory. In C. M. Reigeluth & A. A. Carr-Chellman (Eds.), *Instructional-design theories and models, Vol. 3* (pp. 349-364). New York: Routledge.